

Assignment 10.

This homework is due *Tuesday* 12/07/2010.

There are total of 22 points in this assignment. 19 points is considered 100%. If you go over 19 points, you will get over 100% for this homework and it will count towards your course grade.

Collaboration is welcome. If you do collaborate, make sure to write/type your own paper.

This assignment covers section 7.1.

- (1) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.8) If $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and $|f(x)| \leq M$ for all $x \in [a, b]$, show that

$$\left| \int_a^b f \right| \leq M(b - a).$$

- (2) (a) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.9) If $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and if $(\dot{\mathcal{P}}_n)$ is any sequence of tagged partitions of $[a, b]$ such that $\|\dot{\mathcal{P}}_n\| \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$, prove that

$$\int_a^b f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S(f; \dot{\mathcal{P}}_n).$$

- (b) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.10) Let $g(x) = 0$ if $x \in [0, 1]$ is rational and $g(x) = 1/x$ if $x \in [0, 1]$ is irrational. Prove that $g \notin \mathcal{R}[0, 1]$. However, show that there exists a sequence $(\dot{\mathcal{P}}_n)$ of tagged partitions of $[a, b]$ such that $\|\dot{\mathcal{P}}_n\| \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ and $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S(g; \dot{\mathcal{P}}_n)$ exists.

- (3) (a) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.11) Suppose that f is bounded on $[a, b]$ and that there are two sequences of tagged partitions of $[a, b]$ such that $\|\dot{\mathcal{P}}_n\| \rightarrow 0$ and $\|\dot{\mathcal{Q}}_n\| \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$, but such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S(f; \dot{\mathcal{P}}_n) \neq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S(f; \dot{\mathcal{Q}}_n).$$

Show that f is not in $\mathcal{R}[a, b]$.

- (b) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.12) Consider the Dirichlet function, defined by $f(x) = 1$ for $x \in [0, 1]$ rational and $f(x) = 0$ for $x \in [0, 1]$ irrational. Show that f is not Riemann integrable on $[0, 1]$. (Hint: You can use problem 3a.)

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- (4) (a) [4pt] (Exercise 7.1.13) Suppose that $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and that $f(x) = 0$ except for a finite number of points c_1, \dots, c_n in $[a, b]$. Prove that $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and that $\int_a^b f = 0$. (Hint: In a given partition, how many intervals may have a tag with nonzero value of f ?)
- (b) [3pt] (Exercise 7.1.14) If $g \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and if $f(x) = g(x)$ except for a finite number of points in $[a, b]$, prove that $f \in \mathcal{R}[a, b]$ and that $\int_a^b f = \int_a^b g$. (Hint: You can use problem 3b applied to $f - g$.)